

Studies on the possibilities of using of the *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb species in alternative endodontic therapy –
PhD Thesis Abstract

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Studies on the possibilities of using of the *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb species in alternative endodontic therapy

Abstract of PhD Thesis

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Motto:

“ The doctor cares, the nature heals. ”

(Hippocrates)

To complete this doctoral thesis I benefited the help of people with admirable professional and moral qualities, whom I would like to thank in this way.

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INTRODUCTION

Currently, there is an upward trend regarding the use of herbs in the substitution and/or supplementation of the action of the synthetic drugs, because these besides the beneficial therapeutic effects also have side effects and adverse effects. Specialists in the field recommend the use of natural remedies as an adjunct to classical therapy, all the more so as the antibacterial action of the plant extracts could limit the expansion of bacterial resistance to antibiotics, a problem that has dominated the second millennium and persists in an upward trend in the one of the third millennium [1].

Pierre Fauchard introduced for the first time the concept of endodontics and is called the father of modern dentistry; wrote the first book on dentistry called "Le Chirurgien Dentiste" in 1728, in which he scientifically describes pulp pathology as well as the possibility of pulp tissue removal [2].

Periapical endodontic disorders have always been a priority topic for dentists, who have been constantly concerned about the alleviation of these diseases by means that have improved technically over time. Numerous experiments have been carried out over time, ranging from empirical treatments to modern techniques used today. These were based on the new



discoveries related to the total deciphering of the structure of the component tissues of the pulpo-dentinary and periradicular complex as well as an increasing understanding of the impact that endodontic disorders have on disturbing the homeostasis of the oral-dental cavity as well as of homeostasis of the whole organism [3].

Currently, it is unanimously accepted worldwide that AP is a consequence of bacterial infection at the level of the endodontic space; for these reasons, identifying the most effective techniques for removing the bacterial biofilm from the endodontic space could be one of the most effective therapeutic solutions for the prevention of endodontic infections [5].

The discovery of new antibiotics remains a major challenge for physicians, pharmacists, chemists and geneticists; In this context, planets can be a valuable source of biologically active natural compounds that can be used as alternative therapeutic agents or as basic nuclei for new synthetic products with increased antibacterial activity and as few side effects as possible [6,7].

In the category of plants with antibacterial, anti-inflammatory and antioxidant properties, *Epilobium parvifloum* Schreb is also found. In the accessed literature there are

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empirical data showing that this plant has been used in traditional medicine to treat different diseases, without specifying the active principles that generate the processes of improvement or cure of diseases [8,9,10] .

GENERAL PART

The first chapter of the thesis describes bacterial physiology, bacterial biofilm and bacterial species involved in endodontic pathology.

An element of the news is the inter-bacterial communication that determines a new perspective in the application of the therapeutic schemes, improving the bactericidal effect of the antibiotics; communication inhibition can be achieved by interfering with signaling pathways or by using signal molecules.

Another important element described in the general part is the endodontic diseases in the context of the oral-dental pathology and in the context of systemic diseases.

Towards the end of the general part were presented the morphological and chemical properties of the plant *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb.



PERSONAL PART

The second part of the thesis is structured in 4 studies as follows:

- identification and quantification of the substances with antibacterial effect in the plant extracts obtained from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb and demonstrating the antibacterial properties;
- evaluation of the in vitro cytotoxicity of the plant extract obtained from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb;
- evaluation of the in vivo toxicity of the plant extract obtained from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb;
- complex study by radioimagistic exams, regarding the effectiveness of the antibacterial activity of the plant extract obtained from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb.

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**Study I. Evaluation of the antibacterial effect of the plant
extracts obtained from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb**

Hypothesis of this study: the extracts obtained from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb have an effect on bacterial species involved in endodontic pathology, as compared to the usual antiseptics used in current endodontic practice.

Study purpose: the use of plant extracts, obtained from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb, as a basis for alternative perspective use in the treatment of endodontic pathology.

1.1. Material and method

1.1.1. Harvesting the plant and making extracts from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb

Epilobium parviflorum Schreb is a plant that is part of the Romanian area. The plant is found in the humid areas along the lower hilly and mountain valleys, in Transylvania, Muntenia, Moldova, as well as in the Romanian Plain, Dobrogea [99].

▪ Obtaining the aqueous extract



Description of the technique of double maceration: the extracted product is first mixed with 1 / 2-2 / 3 of the total amount of solvent, after which the liquid is separated and the residue will be pressed. This will contact the rest of the solvent, thus obtaining a new amount of extractive solution. The two extractive liquids will come together and filter after a 24 hour rest [101].

▪ **Obtaining the hydroalcoholic extract**

The extraction time with alcohol and water is 10 days, shaking 3-4 times a day. After a more active extraction period due to the penetration of the solvent through the walls and the diffusion of the more concentrated solution externally, a balance is established between the two concentrations, inside and outside the plant product and the extractive dissolution stagnates [101].

▪ **Obtaining the ultrasonic hydroalcoholic extract**

Extraction assisted by ultrasound allows the solvent to penetrate through the cell walls, and the bubbles produced by the acoustic cavitation favor the breakdown of the cell wall and the release of the active compounds, thus increasing the extraction efficiency [104].

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**1.1.2. Determination of the content of bioactive compounds
from plant extracts obtained from *Epilobium parviflorum*
Schreb**

• Determination of total polyphenols

The Folin-Ciocalteau test method is the simplest method available for measuring the phenolic content of organic products [106].

• Determination of total flavonoids

The Folin-Ciocalteau test method was used to determine total flavonoids [106].

1.1.3. Conducting bacteriological tests

➤ Harvesting of pathological products

The pathological product, infected dentine, was harvested using a sterile Kerr cell-type needle, which was subsequently placed in a culture medium container and transported to the Microbiology laboratory of the Faculty of Dental Medicine at the "Ovidius" University of Constanța.

➤ Bacteriological identification technique



- **The technique of testing the antibacterial effect of the aqueous and hydroalcoholic solutions obtained from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb**
- **Sampling technique for semi-quantitative evaluation of the antibacterial effect of the tested solutions**

1.2. Results obtained and discussions

The largest amount of polyphenols and flavonoids was hydroalcoholic extract, followed by ultrasound. The aqueous extract of *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb contains the smallest amount of total polyphenols and flavonoids.

The plant extracts obtained from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb have certain antibacterial properties.

STUDY II. In vitro evaluation of the cytotoxicity of the plant extract obtained from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb

Hypothesis of this study: is that the toxicity of the plant extract obtained from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb is lower than the usual antiseptics used in endodontic lavage.

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Study purpose: is the in vitro evaluation of the cytotoxicity of the plant extract obtained from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb, which can be used as an alternative to conventional antiseptic irrigant solutions in endodontic therapy.

2.1. Material and method

- **Processing of vegetable extract from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb. Cell cultures**

In the cytotoxicity assays, a cell culture line purchased from the ATCC cell bank, namely L929 with fibroblast morphology, was used (ATCC® CCL-1™).

- **MTT test method. Microscopic evaluation**

The viability of the cells treated with the extract for 24 hours at different concentrations was measured using 3- (4,5-Dimethylthiazol-2-yl) -2,5-Diphenyl tetrazolium (MTT). The analysis is based on the reduction of a yellow MTT tetrazolium salt to blue-formazan, made by intracellular enzymes, especially those in the mitochondria [117].

2.2. Results obtained and discussions



The absence of cytotoxicity of the plant extract offers the possibility of its use in endodontic therapy, as an alternative to the classic irrigant solutions.

STUDY III. In vivo study of the toxicity of the plant extract obtained from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb

Hypothesis of this study: is that the toxicity of the plant extract obtained from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb is lower than the usual antiseptics used in endodontic lavage.

Study purpose: is to demonstrate the absence of in vivo toxicity in laboratory animals.

3.1. Material and method

▪ Biological material used

The animals used in our experimental model were rats the albino line from Wistar, which were raised and maintained in the Biobaza of the “Ovidius” University of Constanța, respecting the hygiene, food and accommodation rules imposed by the Community legislation.

3.1.1. Post-extraction dental alveolar toxicity assessment

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- **Extraction of the maxillary incisors**
- **Animal sacrifice and preparation of histological examination**

3.1.2. Evaluation of liver toxicity

- **Preparation of resorbable antiseptic pastes**

Toxicity testing

It was performed according to the method of testing the toxicity of the drugs by placing the test substances under the dermis [127].

- **Animal sacrifice and lamella production for histological examination**

The harvested fragment was fixed in 10% formaldehyde for a period of 24 hours and then proceeded to process the samples for inclusion in paraffin, sectioning and staining with HE [128].

The histological preparations were evaluated using the optical microscope and the results are presented and interpreted, experimental group in relation to the control group.



3.2. Results obtained and discussions

The post-extraction healing process occurred faster in the batch where the dehydrated vegetable extract was applied.

The vegetable extract of *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb is not liver toxic.

STUDY IV. Radioimaging in the evaluation of the therapeutic effect of the plant extract obtained from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb

Hypothesis of this study: is that the toxicity of the plant extract obtained from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb is lower than the usual antiseptics used in endodontic lavage.

Study purpose: is to verify, by radioimagingic examinations, the antibacterial activity of the plant extract obtained from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb in comparison with three resorbable antiseptic pastes.

4.1. Material and method

- **Delimitation of the study lot**
- **Clinical examination**

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The clinical examination aimed to obtain as complete information as possible in order to establish the diagnosis based on anamense stages, exo and endoral clinical examinations.

➤ Examination of the retroalveolar radiographs of the endodontic preoperation

During the paraclinical examination, digital retro-alveolar radiographs were used in a radio imaging center accredited by the National Commission for the Control of Nuclear Activities using a radiation cannon and an RVG sensor.

➤ Recording of the Periapical Index Score (PAI)

The periapical status was evaluated based on the periapical index introduced by Ørstavik D. et al. it is made up of a system of templates with which the comparison of the apical periodontites on the radiographs is performed and based on the similarity between the reference and the comparative radiographs, the classification in a certain class is validated.

➤ Chemo-mechanical and endodontic therapy

4.2. Results obtained and discussions



The clinical examination revealed the absence of pain in the axial and transverse percussion, the absence of dental mobility where preoperative existed, with no visible clinical signs of failure of endodontic treatment.

The plant extract of *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb used in endodontic therapy had a positive effect by reducing the periapical index (PAI).

FINAL CONCLUSIONS

1. All three plant extracts obtained from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb contain polyphenols and flavonoids.
2. The highest amount of polyphenols and flavonoids was hydroalcoholic vegetable extract.
3. There are no significant differences regarding the total polyphenols and flavonoids content between the hydroalcoholic vegetable extract and the ultrasonic hydroalcoholic vegetable extract.
4. Herbal extracts obtained from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb certainly have antibacterial properties.

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5. There are no differences regarding the effectiveness of the antibacterial effect between the hydroalcoholic vegetable extract and the ultrasonic hydroalcoholic vegetable extract.

6. Hydroalcoholic vegetable extract had the best antibacterial activity.

7. The most sensitive bacterial species were those belonging to the group of Gram positive cocci.

8. The absence of cytotoxicity of the plant extract has been demonstrated both in vitro and in vivo (Wistar rats), which offers the possibility of its use in endodontic therapy as an alternative irrigant solution.

9. Dehydrated vegetable extract from *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb decreases the intensity of the post-extraction inflammatory process.

10. The post-extraction healing process occurred faster in the lot where the dehydrated vegetable extract was applied.

11. The plant extract of *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb used in endodontic therapy had a positive effect by reducing the periapical index and the extent of the periapical lesion.



PhD Student,
Şachir Erdogan Elvis

12. The therapeutic efficiency of the dehydrated plant extract of *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb is close to that of the substances used in classical endodontic therapy.
13. The results support the idea of using the plant extract of *Epilobium parviflorum* Schreb in endodontic therapy as an alternative to conventional substances or in combination with them to enhance periapical healing.

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